





Z-line filter, construction CBC



Z-LINE FILTER, CONSTRUCTION PLA

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ZLW

FOR HIGH DUST CONCENTRATIONS OR AS A PREFILTER FOR FINE DUST FILTERS

Z-line filter for the separation of coarse dust, used as the first stage in ventilation and air conditioning units or as prefilters for high-quality filter stages

- Filter group ISO Coarse (Coarse dust filter)Large filter area due to folding
- Low differential pressures at high volume flow rates
- Moisture-resistant cardboard frame
- Optional frame made of plastic, galvanised sheet steel, stainless steel or aluminium
- Optionally with flat seal
 Tested according to ISO 16890
- General information

Application

- Z-line filter type ZLW for the separation of coarse dust in ventilation and air conditioning systems
- Coarse dust filter: Prefilter in ventilation systems .

Special features

- High dust holding capacity at low initial differential pressure
- . Long filter life
- Quick fitting and removal . Low weight and small transport volume
- Can be easily and safely disposed of in municipal refuse incineration plants as emissions are low in harmful substances

Nominal sizes

• B × H × T [mm]

Filter classes

Filter group

ISO Coarse to ISO 16890 Filter classes

- Coarse 90 %
- Coarse 60 %

Construction

- PLA: Frame made of plastic
- PLAF: Frame made of plastic with 25 mm flange
- CBG: Cardboard frame glued
- CBC: Cardboard frame punched
- CBS: Cardboard frame stapled GAL: Galvanised sheet steel
- STA: Stainless steel
- AL: Aluminium

Useful additions

• Standard cell frame (SCF-B), filter wall (SIF), universal casing (UCA)

Construction features

- Folded filter media
- Moisture-resistant, stable cardboard frame
- Available in various filter classes and sizes, including commercial installation depths and cross-sections .

Materials and surfaces

- Filter media made of synthetic fibres
- Cardboard frame
- Optional frame made of plastic, galvanised sheet steel, stainless steel or aluminium
- Optionally with flat profile seal on the upstream or downstream side or on both sides

Standards and guidelines

- Test according to ISO 16890; international standard for general ventilation and air conditioning; classification of efficiency based on the measured fractional efficiency, which is processed into a reporting system for the fine dust efficiency (ePM)
- For coarse dust filters, the gravimetric separation is measured with synthetic dust .
- The filters are classified into filter group ISO Coarse depending on the tested values
- For fine dust filters, the fractional arrestance efficiency of a certain size range is determined by aerosols (DEHS and KCI)
 The filters are classified into filter groups ISO ePM10, ISO ePM2.5 and ISO ePM1 depending on the tested values

TECHNICAL INFORMATION

| Gravimetric efficiency Coarse [%] according to ISO 16890 | 60 | 90 |
|---|-----|-----|
| Nominal face velocity [m/s] | 2.5 | 2.5 |
| Initial differential pressure [Pa] at nominal volume flow rate for T = 48 mm | 50 | 90 |
| Initial differential pressure [Pa] at nominal volume flow rate for T = 96 mm | 35 | 70 |
| Maximum operating temperature [°C] | 60 | 60 |
| Maximum relative humidity [%] | 100 | 100 |

Specification text

Z-line filter type ZLW for the separation of coarse dust when used as prefilters in ventilation and air conditioning systems. Z-line filters are available in various filter sizes, including common installation depths and cross-sections, filter group ISO Coarse according to ISO 16890. The filter media is folded, increasing the dust holding capacity and extending the filter life.

Special features

- High dust holding capacity at low initial differential pressure
- . Long filter life
- Quick fitting and removal •
- Low weight and small transport volume
- Can be easily and safely disposed of in municipal refuse incineration plants as emissions are low in harmful substances .

Materials and surfaces

- Filter media made of synthetic fibres
- Cardboard frame .
- Optional frame made of plastic, galvanised sheet steel, stainless steel or aluminium
 Optionally with flat profile seal on the upstream or downstream side or on both sides

Construction

- PLA: Frame made of plastic
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Sizing data

- Filter group [ISO 16890]
- Efficiency [%] .
- Volume flow rate [m³/h] .
- Initial differential pressure [Pa] .
- Nominal size [mm]

| ZLW | - | Coarse | - | 60 % | - | CBG | / | 592 × 592 × 48 | / | FNB |
|-----|---|--------|---|-------------|---|-----|---|----------------|---|-----|
| I I | | 1 | | 1 | | | | | | 1 |
| 1 | | 2 | | 3 | | 4 | | 5 | | 6 |

1 Type ZLW Z-line filter

2 Classification Coarse Gravimetric separation efficiency according to ISO 16890

3 Separation efficiency Separation efficiency [%] according to ISO 16890

4 Construction CBG Cardboard frame, glued CBC Cardboard frame, punched CBS Cardboard frame, with clamps PLA Plastic frame PLAF Plastic frame with 25 mm flange GAL Frame made of galvanised sheet steel STA Frame made of stainless steel AL Aluminium frame

5 Nominal size [mm] Specify size (width × height × depth) 6 Seal No entry: without seal FNU Flat seal on the upstream side FND Flat seal on the downstream side FNB Flat seal on both sides ZLW-Coarse-90%-PLA/592×592×48 Classification ISO Coarse to ISO 16890 Efficiency 90 % Construction Plastic frame Nominal size 592 × 592 × 48 mm