Differential pressure transducers for volume flow rate measuring units Static differential pressure transducers



For the static effective and differential pressure measurement

Differential pressure transducers based on the static measurement principle for volume flow rate measuring units Type VMR, VMRK or VME

- Linear volume flow rate actual value 2 10 V DC
- Recording of measured values for the display of volume flow rates or for the control of slave controllers
- Parameters are factory set



Universalregler VRP

Differential pressure transducers for volume flow rate measuring units

General information Static differential pressure transducers

Type Static differential pressure transducers General information Function Technical data Variants Page Stat - 2 Stat - 2 Stat - 3 Stat - 3 Stat - 4 Variants Stat - 5

Electrical connection

Characteristics

Application

Application

- Electronic volume flow controller Universal with static differential pressure transducer for use with volume flow rate measuring units
- For applications with polluted extract air, e.g. with fluff, sticky particles or aggressive substances
- Parameters are factory set
- On-site adjusting is not required
- For this application the Universal controller is only used for measuring the differential pressure and for transforming the measured value into a linear voltage signal. Connections for setpoint value signal and actuator are not relevant, and neither are the corresponding technical data.

Stat - 6

Stat - 7

 Volume flow rate actual value is available as linear voltage signal

Description

Parts and characteristics

Sensor for static differential pressure measurements

Maintenance

 Zero point correction once per year is recommended

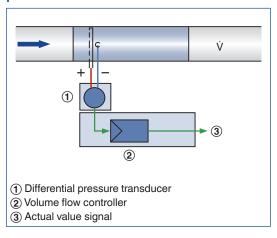
Function Static differential pressure transducers

Functional description

The volume flow rate is determined by measuring the effective pressure. For this reason the measuring unit is fitted with an effective pressure sensor.

The static differential pressure transducer

Principle of operation – static differential pressure transducer



(diaphragm pressure transducer) transforms the effective pressure into a voltage signal. The volume flow rate actual value is hence available as a voltage signal. The factory setting is such that 10 V DC always corresponds to the nominal volume flow rate $(\dot{V}_{\text{nom}}).$

BB*



(5) Anschlussleitung Stellantrieb

VFP-300



Static differential pressure transducers

Volume flow controller VRP

Supply voltage (AC)	$24 \text{ V AC} \pm 20 \%, 50/60 \text{ Hz}$
Power rating (AC)	without actuator max. 2.6 VA
Setpoint value signal input	$2-10$ V DC, $R_a > 100$ k Ω
Actual value signal output	2 – 10 V DC linear, max. 0.5 mA
IEC protection class	III (protective extra-low voltage)
Protection level	IP 42
EC conformity	EMC according to 2014/30/EU

Static differential pressure transducer VFP-300

Supply voltage	from the controller
Measuring range	0 – 300 Pa
Linearity	± 3 Pa
IEC protection class	III (protective extra-low voltage)
Protection level	IP 42
EC conformity	EMC according to 2014/30/EU

PD - Stat - 4 **TROX**® TECHNIK 03/2017 - DE/en

Static differential pressure transducers

Universalregler VRP



Statischer Differenzdrucktransmitter VFP-300



Any attachments are to be defined with the order code of the volume flow rate measuring unit.

BB0

Application

- Electronic volume flow controller VRP with static differential pressure transducer for use with volume flow rate measuring units
- Separate casings for differential pressure transducer and controller electronics

- 2-10 V DC

Parts and characteristics

Sensor for static differential pressure measurements

Installation and commissioning

- Installation orientation is relevant
- Zero point correction required

Signal voltage range

Static differential pressure transducers for volume flow rate measuring units

Order code detail	Controller		Static differential pressure trans- ducer		Volume flow rate measuring unit
	Part number	Туре	Part number	Ту	ре
BB0	M546EG2	VRP	M546EJ1	VFP-300	VMR, VME, VMRK